

Company and Investment Highlights

TEPP – a pioneer in sustainable agriculture



Do not waste natural resources



Empower small farmers through ESG education



Enhance credibility and reputation through proactive measures



Protect the forests of the world



Transform the palm oil industry into sustainable agriculture



A brief history of TEPP













First idea conceived

The initial concept of TEPP took shape, marking the beginning of an innovative idea to transform the industry

Joining forces

TEPP formed as a strategic partnership between TEGH and alphapulp, leveraging combined expertise and resources

Official foundation

TEPP was formally established as an organization, marking a significant milestone in its journey

Pilot production line

TEPP successfully launched its first pilot production line, showcasing the potential of its groundbreaking technology

Process development

TEPP completed the comprehensive development process, refining its technology for large-scale implementation

Full-size factory

TEPP proudly inaugurated its full-size factory, commencing large-scale production and establishing a commercial presence



The founding team behind TEPP





Sineenuch Kokanutaporn Managing Director TEPP **CSO TEGH**



Chalerm Kokanutaporn **CEO TEGH**



alpha 49%



Markus Count Matuschka de Greiffenclau

Member of the TEPP Board of **Directors & Investor** Serial entrepreneur









- 1: TEGH operates in rubber, palm oil, renewable energy, organic waste management, and logistics in Thailand and globally. The company went public in Bangkok in December 2022 (TEGH:TB)
- 2: TEGA Holding Co., Ltd. is part of the Kokanutaporn family holding



Cutting-edge technology driving sustainability

How the media looks at our disruptive revolution:

The idea [to produce pulp from EFB] not only conveys a good feeling, but an idea for a different future. [...] The company uses what other producers dispose of as waste. [...] The raw material for a future that has already begun.

(May 2022)

Süddeutsche Zeitung

It took him 12 years to set up an economically and ecologically sustainable production chain. [...]
And it's a win-win situation: The oil palm waste gets recycled, and the farms can even earn money from it.

(October 2022)

This company not only relieves the forests, but also competes with the traditional paper producers.

Frankfurter Allgemeine

Discover how a German entrepreneur in Thailand transforms waste from palm oil production into a valuable raw material. [...] Until now, millions of tons of empty fruit bunch were discarded after harvesting. Now, they are being processed into a material known as paper pulp [and] supplied to paper companies.

(June 2022)

deutschland.de



The situation in the paper industry today

Nearly

~6 billion trees

are being cut down every year in order to supply the pulp & paper industry

This equals

3,750,000 hectares

of forest being destroyed – including the lungs of our planet: the rainforests

As an estimate, around

22,550,000 tons of CO₂

could be prevented by abandoning this barbaric practice and utilizing a different resource



Alternative raw materials for pulp production

When having a close look at alternative non-wood pulp sources, it becomes obvious that virtually all of them come with significant disadvantages – except for EFB:



- Growing kenaf exploits the soil and requires large farming areas
- Prices are highly variable due to competition with farmland

Straw & bagasse

- Significant energy needs to be invested in order to prevent rotting of the raw material
- Pulp production is therefore very expensive

Bamboo

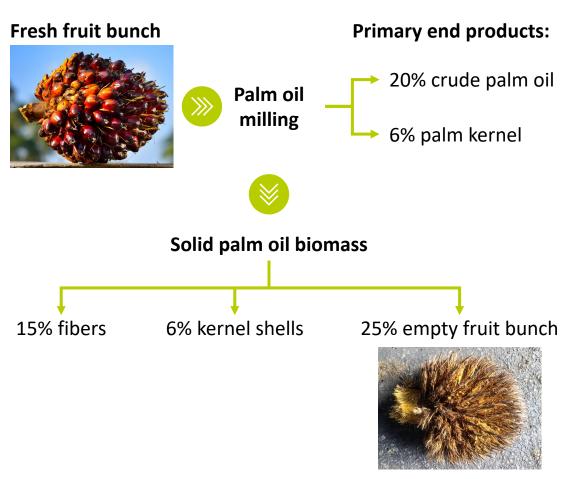
- Due to its fast growth, bamboo was promoted as ecofriendly alternative
- In the meantime, bamboo is facing significant environmental issues



- No energy required for the preservation of the material due to the continuous supply of fresh raw material
- EFB contains hollow fibers with advantageous features for several technical applications and tissue paper production
- Relatively low lignin content saves energy in the de-lignification process



EFB is a by-product of palm oil production



These by-products would normally be burned or parts of EFB used as meager fertilizer in the plantations





TEPP invented a process to produce highest quality pulp from EFB









Empty fruit bunch

- Empty fruit bunch (EFB) is a residual by-product of palm oil production, abundantly available year-round
- EFB serves as a valuable raw material for the innovative TEPP pulping process

Long fiber

- In a first step, the material undergoes preparation and cleaning to facilitate the subsequent pulping process
- Compared to traditional wood pulp, the TEPP process requires significantly fewer chemicals and less energy

Wet pulp

- The resulting product is referred to as "wet pulp", it has a residual moisture content of ≤75%
- The quality can be tailored to suit the intended applications (i.e., specific fiber length, lignin content, and freeness)

Paper

- EFB pulp is excellent for a range of downstream process, incl.:
- Paper & packaging
- Biodegradable tableware
- Tissue paper
- Fiber cement



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Customers from various downstream industries confirm the high quality

Industry	Quality requirements (kappa number)	Customer		Demand/month, in MT
		SHERA**	Shera PCL	500
Fiber cement	≤ 35	TPI POLENE	TPI Polene Co., Ltd.	600
		S CHARM S	Diamond Co., Ltd.	300
Food packaging	< 15	GLOCS	Biodegradable Packaging For Environment PCL	400
Tissue paper	≤ 45	RiverPRO	RiverPro Pulp and Paper Co., Ltd.	400
		BJC	Berli Jucker Cellox Co., Ltd.	500
Paper & Packaging	Not specified	O V O L Japan Pulp & Paper Group	Japan Pulp and Paper Co., Ltd.	100
			Siam Pulp Mold Packing Co., Ltd.	50
			Crown Package	100
Total				2,950

Source: TEPP order book



Investment opportunity

Impact

We are looking to raise

USD 120 mn

to build up a network of 8+ decentralized EFB pulp factories

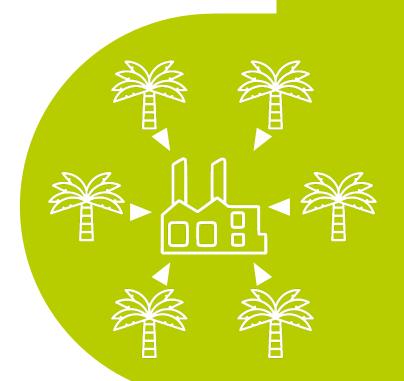
Each individual plant will have a production capacity of

100 MT / day

The business is expected to be highly profitable with an

EBIT margin of ~70%

in a steady state



Each 100 MT factory will save

832,000 trees

per year

The equivalent of

520 hectares

of healthy forest

These trees can absorb around

3,120 tons of CO₂

which would have remained free in the atmosphere



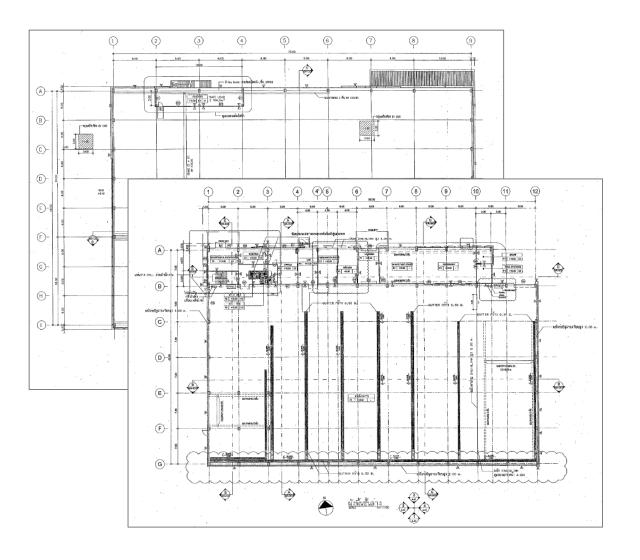
In order to satisfy local demand, the Chonburi plant will be expanded to 100 MT/day

	Today	Target
Layout	Single production line for preparation and pulping	Addition of a second line to double capacity
Capacity	50 MT / day	100 MT / day
Process design	Combination of batch and	Continuous

continuous

processes

"end-to-end"





Business forecast

	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033
Eco Plants, in #			1	3	5	8	8	8	8	8	8
Annual production, in 1,000 MT pulp			25.6	82.6	145.5	233.9	251.6	251.6	251.6	251.6	251.6
Key financials, in USD mn											
Total investment	16.0	52.6	73.3	91.6	55.0						
Sales			17.9	57.8	101.8	163.7	176.1	176.1	176.1	176.1	176.1
License income			0.0	1.0	2.2	4.4	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.1	6.1
COGS			4.8	15.1	26.1	41.9	43.9	43.9	43.9	43.9	43.9
■ SG&A			0.1	0.4	0.7	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2
• EBITDA			12.9	43.2	77.2	125.1	136.8	137.1	137.1	137.1	137.1
Depreciation			1.1	3.6	6.2	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9
Finance costs			0.5	1.5	2.4	3.7	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.3	0.8
• EBIT			11.4	38.1	68.7	111.5	123.8	124.7	125.3	125.8	126.4
as % of revenue			63%	66%	67%	68%	70%	71%	71%	71%	72%



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